



Dimensions:

40 ft. 4 in (12.29 m) overall width 21 ft. (6.40 m) overall length 8 ft. 1 in. (2.46 m) height over wings 8 ft. 4 in. (2.54 m) height over sweep of pr 6 ft. 6 in. (1.98 m) wing chord 1:20 wing camber 3° 25' angle of incidence 10 in. (0.25 m) wing anhedral (droop)

Surface Areas:

510 sq. ft. (48.31 m²) wing area (upper an 48 sq. ft. (4.46 m²) elevator area (both su 20 sq. ft. (1.86 m²) rudder area (both surfa

Weights:

605 lbs. (274.42 kg) Total weight without | 16 lbs. (7.26 kg) fluids (water, gas, oil) 145 lbs. (65.77 kg) average weight of pilo

Engine:

4-cycle gasoline, 4 cylinders 4 in. bore x 4 in. stroke (10.16 cm x 10.16 Aluminum-copper alloy crankcase 12 hp at 1020 rpm 152 lbs (68.95 kg) weight of engine 18 lbs (8.16 kg) weight of magneto





1903 Wright Flyer

Built by Wilbur and Orville Wright of Dayton, Ohio and flown by them on December 17, 1903 near Kitty Hawk, North Carolina. They completed four flights, the longest lasting 59 seconds and covering 852 feet (259.69 meters).

Specifications

	Ignition: Low tension magneto, make-and-break spark Start engine with dry batteries; switch to magneto
ropellers	Lubrication: Internal splash-and-dash activated by crankshaft
	Engine cooling: Thermo-siphon water through radiator
nd lower) Irfaces) aces)	Fuel system: Gravity fed through rubber and steel tubing 0.4 gal. (1.51 I) capacity tank
	Wing Loading: 1.47 lbs. per sq. ft. (7.18 kg per m ²) 62.5 lbs. (28.35 kg) per engine horsepower
pilot ots	Propellers Twin contra-rotating propellers Pusher configuration Driven by roller chain, 1-in. (2.54 cm) pitch 8-tooth sprockets on crankshaft
6 cm)	 23-tooth sprockets on propeller shafts 2-7/8:1 Engine to propeller rpm ratio 980 rpm approx. engine speed in flight 340 rpm approx. propeller speed in flight

